

The interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL-1RA) is a member of the interleukin 1 cytokine family. IL1ra is secreted by various types of cells including immune cells, epithelial cells, and adipocytes, and is a natural inhibitor of the pro-inflammatory effect of IL1 β (1). This protein binds non-productively to the cell surface interleukin-1 receptor (IL-1R), and inhibits the activities of interleukin 1, alpha (IL1A) and interleukin 1, beta (IL1β), and modulates a variety of interleukin 1 related immune and inflammatory responses. This gene and five other closely related cytokine genes form a gene cluster spanning approximately 400 kb on chromosome 2. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been reported (2). A polymorphism of this gene is reported to be associated with increased risk of osteoporotic fractures and gastric cancer. Mutations in the IL1ra gene results in a rare disease called deficiency of the interleukin-1-receptor antagonist (DIRA). Variants of the IL1ra gene is also associated with risk of schizophrenia. Elevated levels of IL1RNra has been found in serum of schizophrenia patients. An interleukin 1 receptor antagonist is used in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis, an autoimmune disease in which IL-1 plays a key role.

References

- 1. Perrier S, et al. (2006). FEBS Lett. 580(27):6289.
- 2. Entrez Gene: IL1RN interleukin 1 receptor antagonist.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This is a quick ELISA assay that reduces time to 50% compared to the conventional method, and the entire assay only takes 3 hours. This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique and uses biotin-streptavidin chemistry to improve the performance of the assays. An antibody specific for equine IL-1ra has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any IL-1ra present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a detection antibody specific for equine IL-1ra is added to the wells. Following wash to remove any unbound antibody reagent, a detection reagent is added. After intensive wash a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of IL-1ra bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this product.

Storage

Store the standard and detection antibody at -20 °C, 10 x reagent diluents and the antibody precoated plate at -20 °C, and store the rest of the kit at 4°C. The kit can be used in 3 months.



MATERIALS PROVIDED

Description	Quantity	Description	Quantity	Description	Quantity
Antibody Precoated Plate	1	20 x PBS	1	Substrate Solution	1
Detection Antibody	1	10 x Wash Buffer	1	Stop Solution	1
Detection Agent	1	10 x Reagent Diluent	1	DataSheet/Manual	1
Standard	3	Standard Diluent	1		

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

1 x **96-well Plate precoated with equine IL-1ra capture antibody-S**tore at -20°C upon received.

Equine IL-1ra Detection Antibody – The lyophilized Detection Antibody should be stored at 4°C to -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for up to 6 months, if not used immediately. Centrifuge for 1 min at 6000 x g to bring down the material prior to open the vial. The vial contains sufficient Detection Antibody for a 96-well plate. Add 60 µL of 1 x Reagent Diluent to the antibody vial, vortex 20 sec and allow it to sit for 5 min prior to use. Take the entire 200 µL of detection antibody to 9.8 mL of 1 x Reagent Diluent if the entire 96-well plate is used. If the partial antibody is used store the rest at -20°C until use.

Equine IL-1ra Standard (3 vials) – The lyophilized Equine IL-1ra Standard has a total of 3 vials. Each vial contains the standard sufficient for a 96-well plate. The non-reconstituted standard can be stored at $4^{\circ}\text{C} \sim -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ for up to 3 months if not used immediately. Centrifuge for 1 min at 6000 x g to bring down the material prior to open the tube. Add 500 µL of Standard Diluent to a standard vial to make the high standard concentration of 2200 pg/ml. Vortex 20 sec and allow it to sit for 5 min prior to use. A seven point standard curve is generated using 2-fold serial dilutions in Standard Diluent, vortex 20 sec for each of dilution step.

Detection Agent (50 μL) – Centrifuge for 1 min at 6000 x g to bring down the material prior to open the tube. The vial contains sufficient equine IL-1ra standard protein for a 96-well plate. If the volume is less than 50 µL, add 1 x Reagent Diluent to make a final volume of 50 µL. Make 1:200 dilutions in Reagent Diluent. If the entire 96-well plate is used, add all 50 µL of Detection Agent to 10 mL Reagent Diluent prior to the assay. The rest of undiluted Detection Reagent can be stored at 2°C - 8°C for up to 6 months. DO NOT FREEZE.

20 x PBS, pH 7.3, 30 mL- Dilute to 1 x PBS with deionized distilled water and mix well prior to use.

10 x Wash Buffer, 40 mL- Dilute to 1 x Wash Buffer with 1 x PBS prior to use.

10 x Reagent Diluent, 3 mL – Store at -20°C. Prior to use dilute to 1 x Reagent Diluent with 1 x PBS. Standard Diluent, 15 mL

Substrate Solution, 10 mL.

Stop Solution, 5 mL.



Assav Procedure

- 1. Lift the plate cover from the top left corner of antibody plate and cover the wells that are not used. Vortex briefly the samples prior to the assay. Add 100 µL of sample (such as plasma or serum) or standards per well and use duplicate wells for each standard or sample. Cover the 96well plate and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- 2. Aspirate each well and wash with 1 x Wash Buffer, repeating the process two times for a total of three washes. Wash by filling each well with 1 x Wash Buffer (300 µL) using a multi-channel pipette, manifold dispenser or auto-washer. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels.
- 3. Add 100 µL of the working dilution of the Detection Antibody to each well. Cover the plate and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2.
- 5. Add 100 µL of the working dilution of Detection Agent to each well. Cover the plate and incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature. Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 6. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2.
- 7. Add 100 µL of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature. Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 8. Add 50 μL of Stop Solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 9. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

Precaution and Technical Notes

- 1. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed. Thorough mixing of the standard at each of dilution steps is critical to ensure a normal calibration curve.
- 2. If IL-1ra exceeds the upper limit of the detection, the sample needs to be diluted with PBS. The dilution factor must be used for calculation of the concentration.
- 3. Detection Agent contains enzyme, DO NOT mass up with Detection Antibody.
- 4. The Stop Solution is an acid solution, handle with caution.
- 5. This kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the label.
- 6. A thorough and consistent wash technique is essential for proper assay performance. Wash Buffer should be dispensed forcefully and removed completely from the wells by aspiration or decanting. Remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspiration or by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels.
- 7. Use a fresh reagent reservoir and pipette tips for each step.
- 8. It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.
- 9. Avoid microbial contamination of reagents and buffers. This may interfere with the sensitivity of the assay.

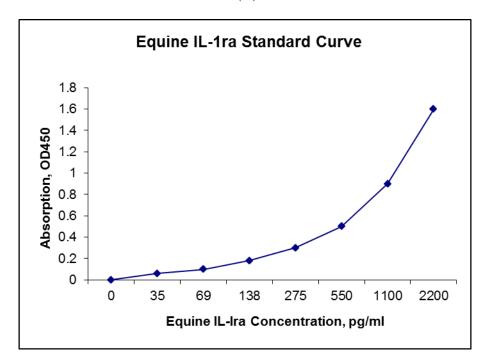


Calculation of Results

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average zero (blank) standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the IL-1ra concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

The Standard Curve

The graph below represents typical data generated when using this equine IL-1ra ELISA Kit. The standard curve was calculated using a computer generated 4-PL curve-fit. For this case, a Bio-Rad iMarkTM Microplate Reader and a Microplate Manager 6 Software were used to generate this curve. The correlation coefficient (r^2) is 0.999-1.000.





Specificity

The following recombinant equine proteins prepared at 10 ng/ml were tested and exhibited no cross-reactivity or interference.

BMP1, BMP2, BMP4,HGF, IL-β, IL-2, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-13, IL-15, IFNγ, MMP2, TGFβ1, TGFβ2, TGFβ3, TLR1, TLR2, TLR3, TNF-α, VEGF.

Calibration

This kit is calibrated against a highly purified yeast-expressed recombinant equine IL-1ra.

Detection Range

1-2200 pg/ml

Assay Sensitivity

0.6 pg/ml

Assay Precision

Intra-Assay %CV: 5; Inter-Assay %CV: 9

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Related products

10 x ELISA Wash Buffer, GERC-103014 10 x Reagent Diluent, GERC-103028 20 x PBS, 103004-20 ELISA Substrate, GERC-103021 ELISA Stop Solution, GERC-103055 ELISA Detection Agent, GERC-103044 Equine IL-1ra standard Equine IL-1ra detection antibody